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flows have covered the region. Later erosion has partly uncovered the older sediments and intrusives.

The ores are principally magnetite and hematite with a small amount of limonite, and occur (*a*) as fissure veins in the andesite, (*b*) as fissure veins and replacement deposits along the contact of the andesite and limestone, and (*c*) as a cement in a Cretaceous quartzite-breccia.

J. C. J.

Geology of the Rangeley Oil District, Colorado. BY HOYT S. GALE.
Bulletin 350, U. S. Geological Survey.

A small field at the western border of Colorado is described where considerable prospecting for oil has been going on with some success. The rocks are principally Cretaceous and Tertiary. The base of the Wasatch formation (Tertiary) rests with apparent conformity upon the top of the Mesaverde formation (Cretaceous), but the absence of formations found between them elsewhere in Colorado indicates a non-conformity here. The structure is a quaquaversal fold with little evidence of faulting. The oil occurs presumably in lenses in the Mancos (Cretaceous) shale.

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